#### GammaLib - Exceptions - # 4

{{lastupdated at}} by {{lastupdated by}}

# **Exceptions**

GammaLib implements error handling using exceptions. The exceptions are implemented by the GException class. GammaLib distinguishes between **logic exceptions** and **runtime exceptions**.

## Logic exceptions

Logic exceptions occur in situations that a client could have tested. They comprise:

- invalid value: a value is invalid
- invalid argument: an argument passed to a method or a function is invalid
- out\_of\_range: a value is outside its valid range
- fits\_error: an error occurred in a cfitsio routine

## **Runtime exceptions**

Runtime exceptions occur in situations that a client can not test. They comprise:

- underflow error
- · overflow error
- feature not implemented: the requested feature is not yet implemented in GammaLib

## **Example code**

Below an example code that illustrates how exceptions should be implemented:

An error message should be composed using a std::string. This message is then passed to invalid\_value, invalid\_argument or any of the other standard exceptions. The G\_LOAD macro defines the name of the method that actually throws the exception (and is defined in the header of the .cpp file):

```
#define G_LOAD "GModelSpatialDiffuseCube::load(std::string&)"
```

Note that arguments are given in this definition without the const declaration and without the parameter name. If more than a single parameter exists, the parameter should be separated by a blank character:

```
#define G MC "GModelSpatialDiffuseCube::mc(GEnergy&, GTime&, GRan&)"
```

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